

No calculators will be allowed and no partial credit will be given.

1. Find the Taylor polynomial of degree 2 for $h(x) = \cos(x)$ centered at $\frac{\pi}{6}$.
2. Find the Taylor polynomial of degree 2 for $g(x) = 3 \ln(3x)$ centered at $\frac{1}{3}$.
3. Find the Taylor polynomial of degree 2 for $f(x) = \sqrt{6}\sqrt{x}$ centered at $\frac{1}{6}$.
4. Find the Taylor polynomial of degree 2 for $g(x) = \frac{1}{(3-x)^3}$ centered at 2.
5. Find the Taylor polynomial of degree 4 for $h(x) = 3(x+1)^5$ centered at -2 .

1. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{x - \frac{\pi}{6}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3} (x - \frac{\pi}{6})^2}{4}$

2. $9 \left(x - \frac{1}{3} \right) - \frac{27 (x - \frac{1}{3})^2}{2}$

3. $1 + 3 \left(x - \frac{1}{6} \right) - \frac{9 (x - \frac{1}{6})^2}{2}$

4. $1 + 3 (x - 2) + 6 (x - 2)^2$

5. $-3 + 15 (x + 2) - 30 (x + 2)^2 + 30 (x + 2)^3 - 15 (x + 2)^4$