

No calculators will be allowed and no partial credit will be given.

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1. Find the cross product of  $\vec{\mathbf{r}} = \langle -1, -2, 3 \rangle$  and  $\vec{\mathbf{s}} = \langle 3, 1, -2 \rangle$  .
2. Find the magnitude of the cross product of the vectors  $\vec{\mathbf{u}} = \langle 4, -1, 1 \rangle$  and  $\vec{\mathbf{v}} = \langle 1, -2, 2 \rangle$  .
3. Find a non-zero vector orthogonal to both  $\vec{\mathbf{u}} = \langle 4, -5, -2 \rangle$  and  $\vec{\mathbf{v}} = \langle 2, -2, -1 \rangle$  .
4. Find a unit vector orthogonal to both  $\vec{\mathbf{u}} = \langle -3, -2, 1 \rangle$  and  $\vec{\mathbf{v}} = \langle 3, 3, 1 \rangle$  .
5. Find the area of the triangle with vertices  $\mathbf{P}(2, 2, -1)$  ,  $\mathbf{Q}(2, 3, -2)$  and  $\mathbf{R}(1, -2, 4)$  .
6. Find the area of the parallelogram defined by the vectors  $\vec{\mathbf{u}} = \langle 2, -1, -2 \rangle$  and  $\vec{\mathbf{v}} = \langle -3, 1, -1 \rangle$  .

1.  $\langle 1, 7, 5 \rangle$
2.  $7 \cdot \sqrt{2}$
3.  $\langle 1, 0, 2 \rangle$  or  $\alpha \langle 1, 0, 2 \rangle$  for any  $\alpha \neq 0$
4.  $\pm \left\langle -\frac{5}{\sqrt{70}}, \frac{6}{\sqrt{70}}, -\frac{3}{\sqrt{70}} \right\rangle$
5.  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
6.  $\sqrt{74}$